

**DERIVATIVES – ALL LEVELS**  
**Ohio Junior Classical League – 2010**

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**I.**      *Choose the word that is NOT derived from the Latin word*

1. <b>unus</b>	a. unify	b. universe	c. unction	d. unite
2. <b>caput</b>	a. captain	b. caption	c. capitol	d. recapitulate
3. <b>coquo</b>	a. biscuit	b. concoct	c. courage	d. cuisine
4. <b>liber</b>	a. liberal	b. library	c. liberty	d. liberate
5. <b>porto</b>	a. portability	b. import	c. portal	d. report
6. <b>tempus</b>	a. temporary	b. temperance	c. extemporaneous	d. temporal
7. <b>oro</b>	a. oration	b. decoration	c. perorate	d. oratory
8. <b>premo</b>	a. suppress	b. depression	c. oppressor	d. premise
9. <b>domus</b>	a. domestic	b. dominant	c. domain	d. random
10. <b>finis</b>	a. final	b. affinity	c. infinite	d. feign
11. <b>rota</b>	a. rosette	b. rotate	c. rotunda	d. rote
12. <b>puto</b>	a. puerile	b. compute	c. dispute	d. reputable
13. <b>lux</b>	a. translucent	b. luxury	c. lucid	d. elucidate
14. <b>timeo</b>	a. timid	b. time	c. timorous	d. timidity
15. <b>venio</b>	a. convene	b. veneer	c. advent	d. prevention

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**II.**      *In the following section, choose the Latin word from which the English word is derived.*

16. <b>absent</b>	a. sum	b. sentio	c. sine	d. sinus
17. <b>acquiesce</b>	a. quinque	b. quies	c. quis	d. quails
18. <b>renascent</b>	a. nascor	b. renovo	c. nasus	d. nato
19. <b>rapture</b>	a. repto	b. rapio	c. rapidus	d. radix
20. <b>diary</b>	a. dies	b. dico	c. divus	d. disco
21. <b>consecutive</b>	a. seco	b. secundus	c. sacer	d. sequor
22. <b>rupture</b>	a. rumpere	b. rapere	c. rupes	d. rumor
23. <b>quest</b>	a. quercus	b. quater	c. quies	d. quaerere
24. <b>prevail</b>	a. vallum	b. validus	c. velum	d. volumen
25. <b>observe</b>	a. servare	b. serpere	c. servitudo	d. serere
26. <b>immortal</b>	a. mos	b. mors	c. moror	d. mora
27. <b>science</b>	a. scindere	b. scribere	c. scire	d. scandere
28. <b>adventure</b>	a. venia	b. venire	c. venenum	d. venari
29. <b>cohesion</b>	a. haerere	b. habilis	c. heres	d. habere
30. <b>galley</b>	a. galena	b. Gallia	c. Galerius	d. galea
31. <b>mermaid</b>	a. mare	b. murmur	c. madidus	d. manus
32. <b>recruit</b>	a. crescere	b. cruor	c. crudelis	d. crux

33. <b>usurp</b>	a. urere	b. repere	c. crepare	d. rapere
34. <b>estivate</b>	a. aestimare	b. aestas	c. aetas	d. esse
35. <b>inter (to bury)</b>	a. terrere	b. inter	c. terra	d. tergere
36. <b>subaltem</b>	a. altus	b. alter	c. alere	d. ala
37. <b>tornado</b>	a. tonare	b. turba	c. torquatus	d. torpere
38. <b>avoid</b>	a. avocare	b. avidus	c. volo	d. vacuus
39. <b>student</b>	a. stadium	b. stultus	c. studium	d. discere
40. <b>malaria</b>	a. mollis	b. malus	c. maius	d. malacus

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**III.** *In the following section, choose the meaning of the English word based on its derivation*

41. **peninsula**  
a. within a toga      b. almost an island      c. wing-tipped      d. place of sorrow
42. **genuflect**  
a. determining which kind      b. cause pain  
c. bending the knee      d. giving birth
43. **extirpate**  
a. root out      b. defile      c. former parent      d. crowd out
44. **auspicious**  
a. formidable      b. looking at birds      c. good sight      d. daring
45. **infant**  
a. helpless      b. into water      c. not speaking      d. unable to carry
46. **pacify**  
a. to bring bread      b. to speak truth      c. to make peace      d. to strike a bargain
47. **religion**  
a. holy      b. extra sides      c. binding back      d. relaxed
48. **vintage**  
a. wine taking      b. yearly      c. happy age      d. run amok
49. **flamingo**  
a. priestly      b. mixed up      c. belonging to a flame      d. running away
50. **porcupine**  
a. red woodpecker      b. sharp belly      c. spiny pig      d. happy rodent
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**IV.** *In the following section, choose the Latin derivative that completes the English sentence.*

51. Bad weather \_\_\_\_\_ the family from going on a picnic.  
a. proscribed      b. deterred      c. deposed      d. deferred
52. Regicide is the killing of a \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. infant      b. king      c. father      d. brother
53. Because its colors were bright and clear, the critic described the painting as having a \_\_\_\_\_ quality.  
a. luminous      b. clairvoyant      c. illustrious      d. notable
54. Something that “flows like honey” is said to be:  
a. mellivorous      b. mellifluous      c. melliferous      d. malodorous

55. The adjective \_\_\_\_\_ literally means “to be of one mind.”  
 a. unanimous      b. inanimate      c. perennial      d. animation
56. A synonym for “to copy” which literally means “to fold twice” is:  
 a. due process      b. duplicate      c. duo      d. explicate
57. Which of the following does not etymologically refer to a body part?  
 a. collar      b. pedestal      c. manual      d. statue
58. Which of the following words derives from a Roman mythological name?  
 a. jovial      b. hermetic      c. aphrodisiac      d. heratic
59. Which of the following words is derived from a part of the Roman house?  
 a. culinary      b. sanguinary      c. pastry      d. salad
60. A verbose statement is:  
 a. concise      b. courageous      c. loud      d. wordy
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**V.**      *In the following section, choose the correct meaning of the Latin root from which the word is derived.*

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|------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| 61. <b>millionaire</b> | a. gold      | b. thousand  | c. wealth    | d. million    |
| 62. <b>officious</b>   | a. authority | b. necessity | c. duty      | d. candidate  |
| 63. <b>occurrence</b>  | a. to run    | b. to cause  | c. to happen | d. to meet    |
| 64. <b>absolute</b>    | a. sun       | b. release   | c. alone     | d. be used to |
| 65. <b>interest</b>    | a. spend     | b. be        | c. sit       | d. gain       |
| 66. <b>event</b>       | a. come      | b. wind      | c. send      | d. arrive     |
| 67. <b>annihilate</b>  | a. harm      | b. nothing   | c. build     | d. year       |
| 68. <b>radical</b>     | a. angry     | b. left      | c. root      | d. laugh      |
| 69. <b>militant</b>    | a. soldier   | b. angry     | c. large     | d. thousand   |
| 70. <b>peach</b>       | a. sin       | b. Persian   | c. sweet     | d. comb       |
| 71. <b>sacerdotal</b>  | a. evil      | b. abduct    | c. story     | d. priest     |
| 72. <b>curator</b>     | a. heart     | b. care      | c. shrub     | d. run        |
| 73. <b>junior</b>      | a. son       | b. father    | c. older     | d. younger    |
| 74. <b>nominal</b>     | a. less      | b. law       | c. add       | d. name       |
| 75. <b>venison</b>     | a. hunt      | b. kill      | c. vein      | d. come       |