OJCL 2010 Grammar Test Level 3-4-5-6

1. <u>Cum</u> Hannibal Alpes transivisset, tamen Romam non vicit.
    a. with   b. although   c. since   d. when

2. Nemo _____ quam Atalanta currere poterat.
    a. celeris   b. celerior   c. celerrime   d. celerius

3. <u>If</u> Orpheus <u>should look back</u>, Eurydice <u>would be lost</u> again.
        a. Si respexisset, amissa esset   b. Nisi respiceret, amississet
        c. Nisi respiceret, amitteretur   d. Si respiciat, amittatur

4. Duce in proelio _____, milites pedes referebant.
    a. vulnerante   b. vulnerato   c. vulneraturo   d. vulnerando

5. Magister dixit librum <u>tibi</u> legendum esse.
    a. to you   b. for you   c. by you   d. of you

6. Which does NOT have a genitive ending in –ius?   a. solus   b. neuter   c. alter   d. uber

7. Caesar exercitum trans Rubiconem ducere <u>ausus est</u>.
    a. dared   b. was dared   c. is dared   d. will have dared

8. Hodie multae naves Romanae sub _____ inveniuntur.   a. maria   b. mare   c. mari   d. maris

9. Which preposition takes the ablative case?
    a. super   b. ob   c. coram   d. prae

10. Viri in silvam _____ venerunt.   a. venatu   b. venari   c. venare   d. venatum

11. Choose the verb that does not belong grammatically with the rest.
    a. careo   b. utor   c. studeo   d. fruor

12. Jocasta filium <u>suum</u> in matrimonium duxit.   a. her own   b. his own   c. its own   d. himself

13. Milites, nolite _____ hostes in flumen!
    a. sequere   b. sequi   c. sequimini   d. sequuntur

14. Gaius <u>ante diem iv Idus Iulias</u> natus est.
    a. July 9th   b. July 10th   c. July 11th   d. July 12th

15. Rufus left <u>Rome</u> at night.   a. Romam   b. Romā   c. Romae   d. Roma

16. Achilles scivit se multos Troianos <u>pugnaturum esse</u>.
    a. would fight   b. has fought   c. had fought   d. will be fought

17. NOT an example of syncope: a. nosse   b. donarunt   c. misti   d. fulsēre

18. Cicero saepe scribebat bene _____ causā.
    a. scribendum   b. scribendo   c. scribendi   d. scribentis

19. <u>Gaio est glaudius</u>.
 a. Gaius has a sword.   b. Gaius is a gladiator.   c. The sword is with Gaius.   d. The sword is by Gaius.

20. Which word does NOT belong in regards to gender?   a. manus   b. quercus   c. tellus   d. casus

21. Incola rogavit cur urbs capta esset.
a. was captured   b. would have captured   c. has captured   d. had been captured

22. Terpsichore omnium Musarum _____ saltat.
              a. graciliter   b. gracilior   c. gracillime   d. gracilius

23. We never heard a better orator than Cicero.
      a. quam Cicero   b. Ciceronem   c. quam Ciceroni   d. Cicerone

24. Marius _____ iterum fiet.   a. consul   b. consulem   c. consule   d. consulis

25. Iustitia est constans et perpetua voluntas ius suum cuique tribuendi.
              a. and for whom   b. to each one   c. for someone   d. whosoever

26. Which forms do NOT agree?   a. quas aurigas   b. quorum cornuum   c. quod pelagus   d. quae spes

27. Senatores quidam Caesari adeo invidebant ut eum occiderint.
              a. they will have killed   b. they killed   c. they were killing   d. they might kill

28. Dolus _____ a procīs non celeriter inventus est.
              a. Penelopen   b. Penelope   c. Penelopes   d. Penelopae

29. Romani, manete domi!
              a. homes   b. at home   c. from home   d. to home

30. Ubi nihil erit quod scribas, id ipsum scribito.
              a. I wrote   b. having been written   c. write   d. to be written

31. Augustus dixit se Liviae nupsisse quod Scriboniam numquam _____.
              a. amavisset   b. amet   c. amaverit   d. amatam esse

32. Paris gave his judgement to the three goddesses .
      a. dearum   b. deis   c. deabus   d. deae

33. Discipula dixit, "Oblita sum _____ ."   a. liber   b. librum   c. libri   d. libro

34. Aegeus timet ne Theseus moriatur.
              a. Aegeus fears that Theseus may be delayed.   b. Aegeus fears that Theseus will die.
              c. Aegeus fears that Theseus will not die.   d. Aegeus fears lest Theseus be delayed.

35. We saw the temples that still stand in Rome.   a. illum   b. quae   c. quos   d. illud

36. Brutus populum Romanum _____ liberare voluit.
      a. tyrannidi   b. tyrannide   c. tyrannidem   d. tyrannidis

37. Juno prefers Carthage to all other cities.
      a. malit   b. mallet   c. mavult   d. malet

38. Si quis per Forum ambulaverit, multa monumenta videbit.
      a. who   b. anyone   c. whoever   d. a certain one

39. Would that Hector had not died!   a. Uti   b. Ut   c. Utinam   d. Ne

40. _____ piratas Pompeius vela dat.
        a. Vincere   b. Ut vinceret   c. Ut vincat   d. Victu

41. <u>Cum</u> rosam viderat, tum ver esse arbitrabatur.   a. when   b. although   c. since   d. whenever

42. The master ordered the slave <u>not to bring</u> the letter.
        a. non ferre   b. ne ferat   c. ut non ferret   d. ne ferret

43. Caesar dixit, "Milites, _____!"
        a. regredi   b. regredere   c. regredimini   d. regrediuntur

44. Te propter Libycae gentes Nomandumque tyranni <u>odēre</u>, infensi Tyrii.
      a. hate   b. to hate   c. hated   d. hating

45. What case is commonly used in Latin to indicate the value of an item?
        a. nominative   b. genitive   c. dative   d. accusative

46. Thisbe videt _____ gladio vulneratum esse.
        a. Pyramum   b. Pyramo   c. Pyramus   d. Pyrami

47. Ulixi prope Charybdem Syllam<u>ve</u> navigare necesse erat.
        a. and   b. nor   c. also   d. or

48. Aeneas stayed <u>in Carthage</u> with Dido too long.
        a. Karthago   b. Karthagini   c. Karthagine   d. Karthaginem

49. What ending can be added to a pronoun to mean "the same"?
        a. –dam   b. – nam   c. –dem   d. -que

50. <u>Gaudeamus</u> igitur, iuvenes dum sumus.
        a. Let us rejoice   b. We will rejoice   c. We might rejoice   d. We are rejoicing

51. _____ mihi iucundum est.   a. docendum   b. doctum   c. docere   d. docendi

52. Emit <u>morte</u> immortalitatem. Morte is an ablative of:
        a. price   b. agent   c. material   d. separation

52. Which of the following can NOT be construed with the genitive case?
        a. tenus   b. instar   c. nihil   d. misereor

53. laetē : laetius :: magnopere: _____   a. melius   b. plus   c. magis   d. peius

54. Qui <u>timens</u> vivet, liber non erit umquam.
        a. feared   b. fearing   c. about to fear   d. having feared

55. We are afraid <u>that</u> he will <u>not</u> come.   a. ut   b. ne   c. quin   d. ut non

56. <u>Cum</u> eam videbis, eam cognosces.   a. since   b. although   c. when   d. because

57. They are wondering how we <u>arrived</u> at Ostia.
      a. advenerimus   b. advenissimus   c. adveniremus   d. advenimus

58. We will go to Rome <u>on December 7th</u>.
      a. a.d. viii Kal. Dec.   b. Non. Dec.   c. a.d. vii Id. Dec.   d. a.d. ii Non. Dec.

59. Proficiscuntur ad urbes _____.
    a. capiendam   b. capienda   c. capiendos   d. capiendas

60. Clodia knows he <u>followed</u> her.   a. sequere   b. sequi   c. secutum esse   d. sequendam esse

61. Dux benignus _____ non nocuit.
    a. hostes   b. hostem   c. hostium   d. hostibus

62. Which of the following is not a gerund?
    a. laudando   b. videndum   c. audiendis   D. mittendi

63. Tam pulchra est Helena ut mille naves Troiam <u>navigent</u>.
    a. would sail   b. are sailing   c. sailed   d. might sail

64. "O tempora, o mores!" What case are the nouns in this famous quote?
    a. nominative   b. accusative   c. vocative   d. ablative

65. Cicero, <u>ut</u> epistulae oratoris demonstrant, liberos maxime amabat.
    a. so that   b. lest   c. as   d. when

66. In regards to form, what tense does a defective verb lack?
    a. imperfect   b. perfect   c. pluperfect   d. future perfect

67. Ignoratio futurorum malorum utilior est <u>quam</u> scientia.
    a. than   b. which   c. whom   d. how

68. Cincinnatus fought the Aequi <u>for 4 days</u>.
    a. quattuor dies   b. quattuor diebus   c. quattuor dierum   d. quarto die

69. Magistri pueris crustula dant ut prima elementa discere <u>velint</u>.
    a. may wish   b. might wish   c. will have wished   d. wished

70. <u>Quo</u> eis facilius persuadeat Lucretia dicit.
    a. with whom   b. where   c. so that   d. provided that

71. Which of the following verbs is NOT impersonal?
    a. pluit   b. licet   c. oportet   d. nitet

72. Horatius nos hortatus erat <u>ut</u> pontem <u>deleremus</u>.
a. to destroy   b. so that we might destroy   c. lest we destroy   d. that we were destroying

73. Which construction does not use the subjunctive?
    a. polite commands   b. indirect commands   c. indirect questions   d. indirect statements

74. We spent the weekend <u>in Columbus</u>.   a. Columbo   b. Columbum   c. Columbi   d. Columbis

75. Salve. Mihi nomen est Inigo Montoya. Tu patrem meum necavisti. Para _____ !
    a. mori   b. morere   c. moreris   d. morieris