

PENTATHLON – ALL LEVELS
Ohio Junior Classical League – 2011

ROMAN HISTORY

1. Vergil's farm was confiscated after which battle?
a. Alesia b. Actium c. Munda d. Philippi
2. Which battle marked the start of the First Punic War?
a. Aegetes Islands b. Drepanum c. Mylae d. Ecnomius
3. By the terms of the Treaty of Brundisium, the West was to be given to Octavian and the East to ____.
a. Marc Antony b. Crassus c. Pompey d. Caesar
4. The country which Caesar said was not worth conquering was ____.
a. Ireland b. France c. Spain d. Portugal
5. Hannibal's decisive defeat came in 202 BCE in which battle?
a. Cannae b. Carthae c. Zama d. Lake Trasimene
6. Who was the second king of Rome?
a. Ancius Martius b. Numa Pompilius c. Romulus d. Tullus Hostilius
7. The last king of Rome was ____.
a. Romulus Augustulus b. Lars Porsenna c. Julius Caesar d. Tarquinius Superbus
8. Cicero was exiled for what?
a. embezzlement while in Sicily
b. supporting Pompey in the Civil Wars
c. the execution of Catilinarian conspirators
d. denouncing Antony with the Philippics
9. Who was the king of Epirus who helped Tarentum against Rome?
a. Phillip b. Alexander c. Perseus d. Pyrrhus
10. Mithradates' son-in-law, the king of Armenia, was ____.
a. Tigranes b. Arminius c. Philoctetes d. Menenius
11. Rome was sacked in 410 CE by the ____.
a. Vandals b. Goths c. Huns d. Visigoths
12. He and two companions defended the Mulvian Bridge against Lars Porsenna.
a. Scaevola b. Horatius c. Brutus d. Collatinus
13. A young woman who swam to safety, thereby saving many other Roman women was ____.
a. Servilia b. Cloelia c. Tarpeia d. Julia Manilia
14. The siege of what city during the Second Punic War led to the death of Archimedes?
a. Ostia b. Messina c. Drepanum d. Syracuse
15. Vergil wrote all of the following except:
a. Aeneid b. Georgics c. Metamorphoses d. Eclogues

ROMAN LIFE

16. For what did the average Roman use butter?
a. a spread on bread b. baked potatoes c. salve or ointment d. making corn bread
17. Which of the following is not a day of a Roman month?
a. Idus b. Kalendae c. Fines d. Nonae
18. The Flavian Amphitheater is now more commonly known as the ____.
a. Colosseum b. Forum c. Pantheon d. Stadium of Domitian
19. What was the name of the locket worn by Roman children?
a. dox b. bulla c. meta d. pupus

20. With what were columbaria associated?
a. weddings b. elections c. love poetry d. burials
21. The major temple on the Capitoline Hill was dedicated to which three gods?
a. Jupiter, Juno, Minerva b. Jupiter, Juno, Venus
c. Jupiter, Neptune, Pluto d. Jupiter, Ceres, Minerva
22. Which of the following fruits was not eaten in Italy during Roman times?
a. quince b. pear c. apple d. orange
23. What is the name of the garment worn as a protection from the weather during the later republic?
a. paenula b. verbena c. lacerna d. mulleus
24. The first permanent theater in Rome was built in ____.
a. 106 BCE b. 100 BCE c. 55 BCE d. 44 BCE
25. Whose primary job was to prophesy by examining the entrails of animals?
a. salii b. augures c. haruspices d. flamines
26. In times of extreme peril, this officer was appointed with supreme power for six months.
a. censor b. dictator c. consul d. interrex
27. Naumachia involved ____.
a. ships b. wild beasts c. horses d. ceremonial carriages
28. Found on buildings, coins, and standards, this abbreviation symbolized the power of the Roman Senate.
a. STTL b. SQRC c. DM d. SPQR
29. In a Roman play, an actor wearing a red wig was playing the part of which of the following?
a. slave b. foreigner c. youth d. criminal
30. A bride's veil was ____.
a. yellow or orange b. green c. always cotton d. purple striped

MYTHOLOGY

31. Who was the mortal husband of Leda?
a. Dictys b. Polydectes c. Tantalus d. Tyndareus
32. Troy is in what modern country?
a. Greece b. Bulgaria c. Turkey d. Romania
33. Procne was turned into what bird?
a. wren b. robin c. nightingale d. sparrow
34. Which of the following is NOT a Titan?
a. Oceanus b. Penates c. Themis d. Iapetus
35. The Olympian goddess with virtually no mythology of her own is ____.
a. Hestia b. Demeter c. Gaea d. Rhea
36. The son of the sun god who died in an attempt to drive his father's chariot was ____.
a. Icarus b. Phaethon c. Pentheus d. Nessus
37. Who had a bed on which unfortunate travelers were either stretched or trimmed to fit?
a. Periphetes b. Procrustes c. Polyneices d. Perithous
38. Which of the following does not belong with the rest?
a. Zeus b. Aphrodite c. Hera d. Eros
39. The daughter of Minos was ____.
a. Eurydice b. Ariadne c. Proserpina d. Andromeda
40. Which of the following is not a father/son pair?
a. Anchises/Aeneas b. Ulysses/Telemachus c. Agamemnon/Paris d. Daedalus/Icarus

41. Which hero and monster are improperly matched?
a. Theseus & The Minotaur b. Odysseus & Polyphemus
c. Perseus & Medusa d. Jason & Chimaera
42. Hercules as one of his labors retrieved the golden apples of the ____.
a. Hesperides b. Atalantans c. Diomedes d. Amazons
43. Who was the oldest of the Greek leaders at Troy?
a. Neleus b. Nestor c. Ajax d. Philoctetes
44. Whom did Paris love before he abandoned her and went to Sparta to find Helen?
a. Macris b. Chaliciope c. Oenone d. Philonoe
45. Who was punished by being forced to forever roll a rock up a hill only to have it roll back down?
a. Tantalus b. Sisyphus c. Ixion d. Tityus

LATIN GRAMMAR

46. Tell me a story!
a. dicete b. dicas c. dice d. dic
47. ubi sunt ____ ante nos in mundo fuerunt?
a. quos b. qui c. quibus d. quod
48. "Let's eat!"
a. cenamus b. cenimus c. cenemus d. cenaremus
49. silva erat tam densa ut viam vix invenire ____.
a. possem b. possim c. fuerim d. posui
50. Show me the way to the underworld.
a. meum b. mihi c. ego d. mei
51. paramur
a. we prepare b. we were prepared c. we are prepared d. we may prepare
52. The children of the queen were praised.
a. reginarum b. reginam c. reginae d. regina
53. Did you hear what had happened yesterday?
a. quid acciderit b. quid accidisset c. quid accideret d. quid accidebat
54. Where shall we go this summer?
a. ubi b. quod c. unde d. quo
55. Which of the following is NOT neuter?
a. tempus b. virtus c. corpus d. vulnus
56. Translate *idem puer*.
a. a certain boy b. this boy c. the boy himself d. the same boy
57. Which of the following is not a preposition?
a. ad b. ante c. quod d. post
58. Catilina very slowly ambulavit.
a. tardius b. tardissimus c. tardissime d. maxime tardus
59. What is the adverb formed from the adjective *longus*?
a. longe b. longiter c. longo d. longius
60. Arachne's weaving was better than Minerva's.
a. quam Minerva b. quam Minervam c. Minervis d. quam Minervae

VOCABULARY & DERIVATIVES

61. From what Latin word do we get the English word contiguous?
a. *taceo* b. *tango* c. *tendo* d. *timeo*

62. Give the meaning of the Latin word *verto*.
a. turn b. destroy c. go d. avoid
63. Give the meaning of the Latin derivative ameliorate.
a. improve b. remove c. aggravate d. affect
64. Give the meaning of the Latin derivative incipient.
a. beginning b. arrested c. malignant d. advanced
65. Give the meaning of the Latin derivative indelible.
a. counterfeited b. blurred c. irremovable d. symbolic
66. Give the meaning of the Latin word *otium*.
a. hatred b. leisure c. entrance d. moreover
67. Give the meaning of the Latin word from which alleviated derives.
a. light b. street c. wash d. erase
68. Give the meaning of the Latin word from which savage derives.
a. wander b. forest c. save d. cruel
69. Give the meaning of the Latin word *mergo*.
a. sink b. emerge c. come out d. sea
70. A near synonym for *mons* is ____.
a. *collis* b. *mensis* c. *collum* d. *mesa*
71. What is the gender of *templum*, *donum* and *flumen*?
a. masculine b. feminine c. neuter d. common
72. Complete the following analogy: *equus : animal :: panis : ____*.
a. frumentum b. cibus c. domus d. culina
73. Onager comes from a Latin word which means ____.
a. donkey b. burden c. act d. ox
74. From what Latin word do we derive emperor?
a. *imperator* b. *emo* c. *rarus* d. *pereo*
75. What is the best definition of the English word “basiate”?
a. to argue b. to kiss c. to greet d. to explain